Year 10 MY Curriculum

Sexual Health & Sexually Transmitted Infections

Starter - Quick Quiz



1. There are over 450,000 STI diagnosed each year in the UK.



- 2. You can always tell if you or someone else has an STI.
- 3. Some STI's can have serious consequences and leave you unable to have children.

or False to the statements in your books.

Write True

- 4. You can get some STI's just by having skin to skin contact.
- 5. Not all STI's can be cured.
- 6. You can't catch the same STI twice as your body will be immune to it.
- 7. You can access Sexual health Services confidentially even if you are under 16.

Quick Quiz

Do you want to change any of your answers?





Quick Quiz

- 1. There are over 450,000 STI diagnosed each year in the UK. True
- 2. You can always tell if you or someone else has an STI. False
- 3. Some STI's can have serious consequences and leave you unable to have children. True
- 4. You can get some STI's just by having skin to skin contact. True
- 5. Not all STI's can be cured. True
- 6. You can't catch the same STI twice as your body will be immune False
- 7. You can access Sexual health Services: they are confidential even if you are under 16. True but most people need support and would use their parents help.





RULES:

- We will neither ask nor answer any personal questions.
- We will respect each other and not laugh at each other's questions.
- We will not discuss anything that we want to be kept confidential.
- We can pass or opt out if something makes us feel uncomfortable.
- Only correct names for parts of the body to be used

Objective: To improve on my knowledge of sexual health, contraception and STIs



Outcomes:

• Explain the importance of safe sex to another person

EXTENDED

CORE

- Understand the different options for contraception and safe sex
- Identify symptoms of STIs, how they are transmitted, and how transmission can be reduced.

Task

Copy these headings into your books.

Sexually Transmitted Infections

Complete the table to compare the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs).

| Name of STI | Type of Pathogen | Transmission | Symptoms | Treatment |
|-------------|---------------------|--------------|----------|-----------|
| | | | | |

Around the room are information sheets about some STIs. Collect the information to complete the table in your books.

STI: Match up!

Name/ Tupe of STI

Genital warts

Pubic lice

HIV

Chlamydia

Gonorrhea

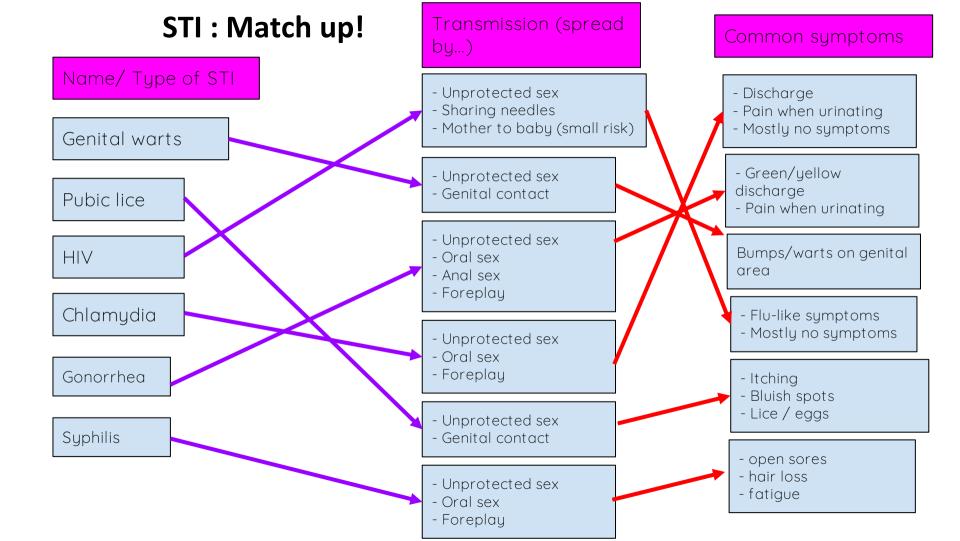
Syphilis

Transmission (spread by...)

- Unprotected sex
- Sharing needles
- Mother to baby
- Unprotected sex - Genital contact
- Unprotected sex
- Oral sex
- Anal sex
- Foreplay
- Unprotected sex
- Oral sex
- Foreplay
- Unprotected sex
- Unprotected sex
 Genital contact
- Unprotected sex
- Oral sex
- Foreplay

Common symptoms

- Discharae
- Pain when urinating
- Mostly no symptoms
- Green/yellowdischargePain when urinating
- Bumps/warts on genital area
- Flu-like symptoms
- Mostly no symptoms
- Itching
- Bluish spots
- Lice / eggs
- open sores
- hair loss
- fatigue



Chlamydia

What is it?

Bacteria

Caught by:

Unprotected Sex Oral Sex Foreplay



Symptoms?

Most People have <u>no</u> Symptoms Can Cause

Infertility

Ectopic Pregnancy

- If symptoms do occur;
 - o Discharge
 - o Pain when Urinating
 - o Swollen testicles

Someone may not realise they have the infection therefore may not realise they are passing it on!!!

Gonorrhoea

What is it?

Bacteria

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Symptoms?

Most people will have symptoms.

Caught by

Unprotected sex

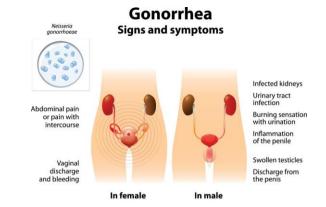
Oral Sex

Foreplay

Can Cause

Infertility

Ectopic Pregnancy



- 90% of males and 50% of female will have symptoms.
- Can include;
 - o Discharge (& unusual smell)
 - o Pain when Urinating
 - o Swollen Testicles
 - o Pelvic Pain
- Beware Super-Gonorrhoea!



What is it?

Virus

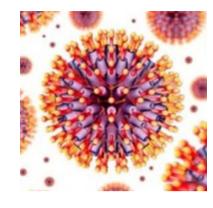
Symptoms?

Most People have no Symptoms Caught by:

Unprotected Sex Sharing Needles Mother to Baby

Can Cause

Can be life shortening if <u>not</u> treated.



- Individuals may get flu like illness a few weeks after infection, which subsides.
- Treated & well managed HIV infection poses very little risk of onward infection.

Genital Herpes



What is it?

Virus

Symptoms?

Stinging or itching in infected area Small blisters

Caught by;

Unprotected Sex Oral Sex Skin to Skin contact

Can Cause

No long term effects

- Presentation of Genital Herpes very similar to "Cold Sore"
- Virus remain in body and recurrence varies but usually stop after 18-24months.

HPV / Genital Warts

What is it?

Virus

Symptoms?

Bumps or warts in Genital area. (can appear a few days or up to a year after infected) Caught by;

Unprotected Sex

> Genital contact

Can Cause

Cervical cancer (some strains)



- For some genital warts will only appear once, but for many recurrence can occur.
- Warts can take up to 18 months to develop after initial infection.

Pubic Lice

What is it?

Parasite

Symptoms?

Itching

Bluish spots

Lice / eggs

Caught by;

Close contact, including sexual contact.

Can Cause

No Long Term effects





- Pubic Lice can live in any body hair except hair on head.
- Can be treated through shampoos / lotions bought from Pharmacies. (note; Head Lice treatment does not work!)

Syphilis

What is it?

Bacteria

Symptoms?

Open sores Fatigue Hair loss Cramps

Caught by;

Kissing
Unprotected sex
Genital contact
Mother to baby

Can Cause

Blindness Dementia Death

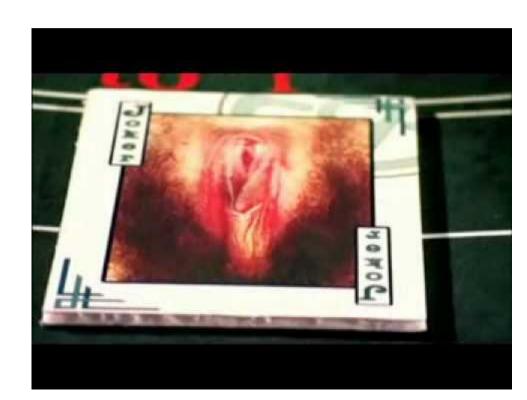


- Syphilis has been around for hundreds of years (Abraham Lincoln apparently had it)
- Condoms lower the risk of transmission
- It can be treated with antibiotics, but damage already done cannot be reversed

Dr Christian Jessen explores the issues of STI's

https://www.youtube.com/watch?
v=nGeJqBnY7E4

PLAY FROM 1 MINUTE 30 SECONDS



Task - The results are in....



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S – These people unknowingly have an STI. They can sign anyone's card and anyone can sign theirs. Two students should be given these cards. You may wish to give these cards to students who are not easily embarrassed.

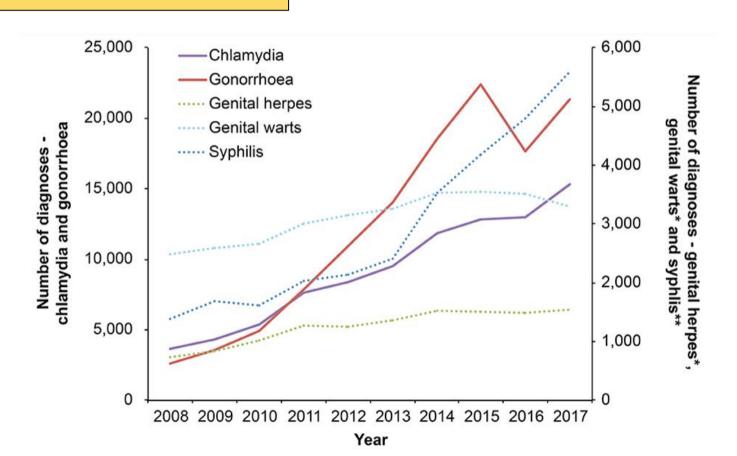
- **C** These people are correctly using a condom so are protected against STIs for the purposes of this activity. Two students should be given these cards.
- **R** These people are in a monogamous relationship and have both been tested for STIs so are not at risk of becoming infected. Two students should be given these cards.
- **N** These people are choosing not to have sex and are therefore not at risk of becoming infected. Two students should be given these cards.
- **U** These people are unprotected so are at risk of becoming infected. The remaining students should be given these cards.

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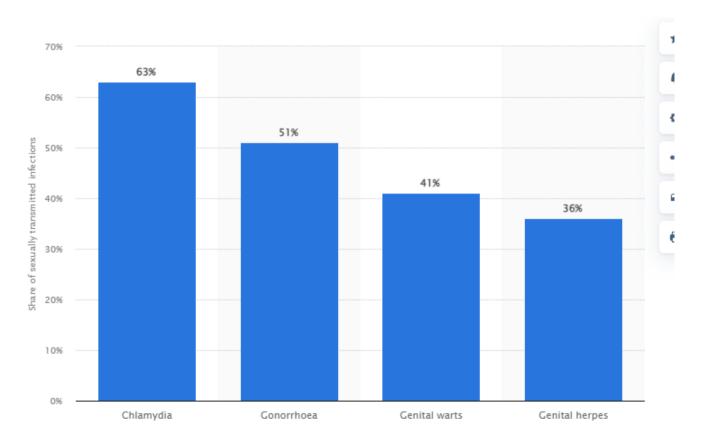
BEYOND

s of ame only Have a look at the graph.

- What information can you take from it?
- Why is it important to know about STIs?



STIs in 15 - 24 year olds in 2022



How can we reduce the transmission of STIs?

Prevention is better than cure!!

Treatment

Treatments for STIs include:

Antibiotics for bacterial infections

Antiretroviral drugs for viral infections

Creams, ointments or medicated washes

Prevention

Treatments for STIs include:

Wearing condoms during any form of sex Abstaining from sex Getting regularly tested.



Methods of contraception

| Method | Protection against STIs | % effectiveness vs pregnancy |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Condom | Yes | 82% |
| Internal condom (Femidom) | Some | 79% |
| Pill | No | 91% |
| Implant | No | 99.9% |
| Coil (IUD) | No | 99% |
| Injection | No | 94% |
| Withdrawal | No | 78% |
| Douching (Showering) | No | None |

Condoms are the only protection against STIs (apart from celibacy.....)

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v= Eh5HK3F42IU condoms

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=
P0gd7kUf1bo female condoms

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fz86g-S3OJI - condom song Optional Spitting Image



Myths and misconceptions (pun intended!) about condoms

They will be too small.....

Nice try! Latex is very stretchy and will fit everyone (just watch a Youtube video of someone putting one over their head...)

I won't feel anything.....

Condoms have come a long way from the first ones made of sheep intestines, and are now very thin and allow sensation

We don't need to use them if we're faithful......

Well....yes and no. You are effectively having sex with everyone your partner ever had sex with, so unless you've both been tested then there may still be a risk

Myths and misconceptions (pun intended!) about condoms

I should use two condoms to be extra safe......

Nooooo!!!!!!! They will rub against each other which could cause tearing. One condom is safer than two.

The condom might break......

This is actually very rare now, as technology has made them strong and effective

You don't need to use them for oral sex

Granted you aren't going to get pregnant this way, but a number of STIs can be transmitted via oral sex

Myths and misconceptions (pun intended!) about condoms

I can't afford condoms

Guess what?! Sexual health clinics give them away for free!!!!!

My partner won't use one

This is your body and your sexual health. If they don't want to look after you then the chances are they'll be selfish in bed too.......

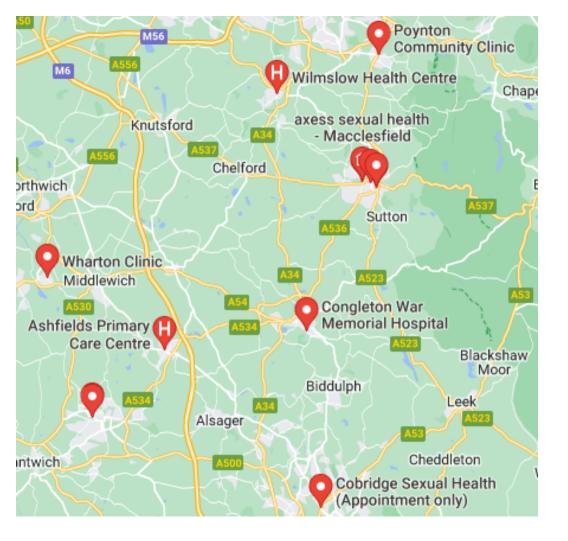


Further support;

• Open link and explore with the class.

https://www.nhs.uk/live-well/sexual-health/

Congleton War Memorial Hospital (Sexual Health Clinic)



Local sexual health clinics



Today...

One piece of advice you would give to someone after today's lesson